http://zoobank.org/urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:55C1B4BF-0D80-4384-A948-067C4E3C717E

Article

A new species of *Dimidiogalumna* (Acari: Oribatida: Galumnidae) from Vietnam, including a key to all species of the genus

SERGEY G. ERMILOV^{1,2*} & ALEXANDER E. ANICHKIN^{2,3}

¹Tyumen State University, Tyumen, Russia; e-mail: ermilovacari@yandex.ru

² Joint Russian-Vietnamese Tropical Research and Technological Center, Hanoi-Ho Chi Minh, Vietnam

³A.N. Severtsov Institute of Problems of Ecology and Evolution, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia; e-mail: repetty@yandex.ru

*Corresponding author

Abstract

A new species of Galumnidae, *Dimidiogalumna grandjeani* **sp. nov.**, is described from bird's nest (Black-andred Broadbill, *Cymbirhynchus macrorhynchos*) in southern Vietnam. It is the first member of this genus recorded from the Oriental Region. The new species is most similar to *D. comoroensis* Mahunka, 1994 in having the elongate notogastral porose areas *Aa*, however, it differs from the latter by the presence of four pairs of notogastral porose areas and the absence of anterior notogastral margin and ridges on anal plates. An identification key to the known species of *Dimidiogalumna* is given.

Key words: oribatid mites, new species, Dimidiogalumna, key, Vietnam

Introduction

Dimidiogalumna is a small oribatid mite genus of the family Galumnidae that was proposed by Engelbrecht (1972) with *Dimidiogalumna villiersensis* Engelbrecht, 1972 as type species. Currently, the genus comprises three species, which are distributed collectively in the Ethiopian and Southern Palaearctic regions: *D. azumai* Aoki, 1996 from Japan and Central China, *D. comoroensis* Mahunka, 1994 from Comoro Islands and *D. villiersensis* Engelbrecht, 1972 from the Ethiopian region.

The main purpose of this paper is to describe and illustrate a fourth species of *Dimidiogalumna*, collected from bird's nests of southern Vietnam. The new species is the first member of this genus recorded from Vietnam and the Oriental region. An identification key to the known species of *Dimidiogalumna* is given.

Our paper is a part of our continuing studies on Vietnamese oribatid mite fauna from bird's nests (Ermilov *et al.* 2013).

Materials and methods

Specimens of *Dimidiogalumna grandjeani* **sp. nov.** (holotype: female; three paratypes: one female, two males): southern Vietnam, Dong Nai Province, Dong Nai Biosphere Reserve, 11°25' N, 107°25' E, *Lagerstroemia* forest, nest of Black-and-red Broadbill (*Cymbirhynchus macrorhynchos*), June–3 July 2013, collected by Alexander E. Anichkin and Igor V. Palko.

References

- Aoki J (1996) Two new species of oribatid mites of the family Galumnidae from Okinawa Island. *Edapholo-gia*, 56, 1–4.
- Engelbrecht, C.M. (1972) *Dimidiogalumna villiersensis* (Galumnidae: Oribatei), a new South African Galumnid genus and its type species. *Acarologia*, 14 (1), 141–149.
- Ermilov, S.G., Anichkin, A.E. & Palko, I.V. (2013) Oribatid mites (Acari, Oribatida) from nests of some birds in southern Vietnam. *Zoologichesky zhurnal*, 92 (7), 802–807. [In Russian]
- Liang, W., Yang, M. & Huang, R. (2012) First record of the genus *Dimidiogalumna* Engelbrecht (Acari, Oribatida, Galumnidae) from China. *Acta Zootaxonomica Sinica*, 37 (2), 434–435.
- Mahunka, S. (1994) Further oribatid species from the Comoro Islands (Acari: Oribatida). Acta Zoologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae, 40 (3), 273–288.
- Mahunka, S. (1995) Oribatids from Sabah, East Malaysia (Acari: Oribatida, Parakalummoidea, n. stat. and Galumnoidea). *Tropical Zoology*, 8, 269–308.
- Norton, R.A.& Behan-Pelletier, V.M. (2009) Oribatida. Chapter 15. In: Krantz, G.W. & Walter, D.E. (eds.). *A Manual of Acarology*. Texas Tech University Press, Lubbock, pp. 430–564.

Accepted by Qing-Hai Fan: 13 Feb. 2014; published 24 Mar. 2014